

## Differentiation inducing peptide W9

W9 peptide(WP9QY) is circulated peptide constructed by 9 amino acids. W9 peptide is known to abrogate osteoclast differentiation. In our study W9 has an anabolic effect on cortical bone in wild-type mice. W9 peptide increased the production of cartilage matrix. W9 peptide enhanced ALP activity in MC3T3-E1 cells and mineralization. This product is prepared as peptide solutions induced specific activities. W9 peptide solution is directly applicable to in vitro assay.

| Item                                | Catalog number | Packing size |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Differentiation inducing peptide W9 | 47025000       | 1 mg × 2     |

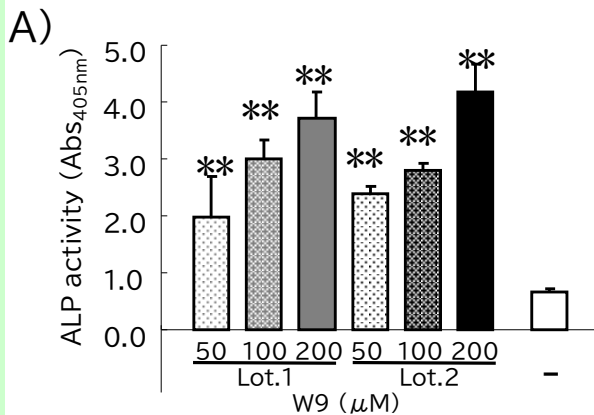
\*For bulk inquiry, please contact the sales office at your region.  
\*For research purpose only. Not for therapeutic or diagnostic use.

### Specifications

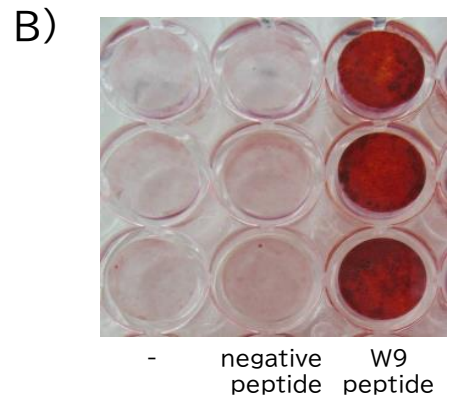
#### Differentiation inducing peptide W9

|                   |                                  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Types of products | : peptide solution               |
| Buffer            | : PBS (-)                        |
| Storage           | : Frozen (< -70°C)               |
| Concentration     | : > 10mg/mL                      |
| Specificity       | : ALP activity in MC3T3-E1 cells |
| Endotoxin Level   | : < 0.1 EU/μg                    |
| Content           | : 1 mg × 2                       |





MC3T3-E1 cells were cultured with 50-200  $\mu$ M W9 for 5 days to measure the alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity. ALP activity was measured by the PNPP assay and expressed as the mean $\pm$ SD.  
 \*\*:  $p < 0.01$  vs. control (Dunnett's test)



MC3T3-E1 cells were cultured in the osteoblastic differential media with 200 mM W9 and negative control peptide for 21 days. Mineralization of MC3T3-E1 cells was evaluated by alizarin red staining.



Cartilage defects in rabbits (JW 25 weeks-old male) filled with collagen scaffolds. After 2 weeks, W9 peptide solution (5 mg) was injected intraarticular once per week for 2 weeks. Histological grading of the repaired tissue was evaluated by chondrocyte specific staining.

## References

1. Takasaki W, et al. Nature Biotech. (1997) 15, 1266-1270.
2. Aoki K, et al. J Clinical Invest. (2006) 116, 1525-1534.
3. Patents WO2008/150025, WO2010/038610

Please contact the one that best suits your need.

**ORIENTAL YEAST CO., LTD.**  
 Corporate Headquarters (Tokyo, Japan)  
 URL : <https://www.oyc.co.jp/bio/>  
 E-mail : [fbi@nisshin.com](mailto:fbi@nisshin.com)  
 Phone : +81-3-3968-1192  
 Fax : +81-3-3968-4863

**OYC EU B.V.**  
 (Rotterdam, The Netherlands)  
 URL : <https://www.oyceu.com/>  
 E-mail : [info@oyceu.com](mailto:info@oyceu.com)  
 Phone : +31-10-4145777  
 Fax : +31-10-2134919

**OYC Americas, Inc.**  
 (Vista, USA)  
 URL : <https://www.oycus.com/>  
 Phone : +1-760-659-5943  
 Fax : +1-760-201-8950

**ORIENTAL YEAST INDIA Pvt. Ltd.**  
 (Mumbai, INDIA)  
 URL : <https://oycindia.com/>  
 E-mail : [info@oycindia.com](mailto:info@oycindia.com)  
 Phone : +91-22-27717107  
 Fax : +91-22-27717107